

Brief Contents

UNIT 1 Principles of Microbiology

Chapter 1	Microorganisms and Microbiology	1
Chapter 2	A Brief Journey to the Microbial World	25
Chapter 3	Chemistry of Cellular Components	50
Chapter 4	Cell Structure and Function in Bacteria and Archaea	66
Chapter 5	Nutrition, Culture, and Metabolism of Microorganisms	107
Chapter 6	Microbial Growth	141

UNIT 2 Molecular Biology of Microorganisms

Chapter 7	Essentials of Molecular Biology	175
Chapter 8	Archaeal and Eukaryotic Molecular Biology	207
Chapter 9	Regulation of Gene Expression	224
Chapter 10	Overview of Viruses and Virology	251
Chapter 11	Principles of Bacterial Genetics	278
Chapter 12	Genetic Engineering	313
Chapter 13	Microbial Genomics	343

UNIT 3 Microbial Diversity

Chapter 14	Microbial Evolution and Systematics	367
Chapter 15	Bacteria: The Proteobacteria	398
Chapter 16	Bacteria: Gram-Positive and Other Bacteria	445
Chapter 17	Archaea	487
Chapter 18	Eukaryotic Cell Biology and Eukaryotic Microorganisms	516
Chapter 19	Viral Diversity	548

UNIT 4 Metabolic Diversity and Microbial Ecology

Chapter 20	Metabolic Diversity: Phototrophy, Autotrophy, Chemolithotrophy, and Nitrogen Fixation	578
Chapter 21	Metabolic Diversity: Catabolism of Organic Compounds	612

Chapter 22	Methods in Microbial Ecology	652
Chapter 23	Microbial Ecosystems	673
Chapter 24	Nutrient Cycles, Bioremediation, and Symbioses	694

UNIT 5 Putting Microorganisms to Work

Chapter 25	Industrial Microbiology	733
Chapter 26	Biotechnology	761

UNIT 6 Antimicrobial Agents and Pathogenicity

Chapter 27	Microbial Growth Control	779
Chapter 28	Microbial Interactions with Humans	811

UNIT 7 Immunology

Chapter 29	Essentials of Immunology	839
Chapter 30	Immunology in Host Defense and Disease	865
Chapter 31	Molecular Immunology	881

UNIT 8 Diagnosing and Tracking Infectious Diseases

Chapter 32	Diagnostic Microbiology and Immunology	900
Chapter 33	Epidemiology	934

UNIT 9 Microbial Diseases

Chapter 34	Person-to-Person Microbial Diseases	964
Chapter 35	Vectorborne and Soilborne Microbial Diseases	1002
Chapter 36	Wastewater Treatment, Water Purification, and Waterborne Microbial Diseases	1025
Chapter 37	Food Preservation and Foodborne Microbial Diseases	1043

Contents

Preface v

UNIT 1 PRINCIPLES OF MICROBIOLOGY

Chapter 1 Microorganisms and Microbiology 1

I INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY 2

- 1.1 Microbiology 2
- 1.2 Microorganisms as Cells 3
- 1.3 Microorganisms and Their Natural Environments 5
- 1.4 The Antiquity and Extent of Microbial Life 6
- 1.5 The Impact of Microorganisms on Humans 7

II PATHWAYS OF DISCOVERY IN MICROBIOLOGY 10

- 1.6 The Historical Roots of Microbiology: Hooke, van Leeuwenhoek, and Cohn 10
- 1.7 Pasteur and the Defeat of Spontaneous Generation 12
- 1.8 Koch, Infectious Disease, and Pure Culture Microbiology 14
- 1.9 Microbial Diversity and the Rise of General Microbiology 18
- 1.10 The Modern Era of Microbiology 20

Microbial Sidebar
Solid Media, the Petri Plate, and Pure Cultures 17

Chapter 2 A Brief Journey to the Microbial World 25

I SEEING THE VERY SMALL 26

- 2.1 Some Principles of Light Microscopy 26
- 2.2 Improving and Adjusting Contrast in Light Microscopy 27
- 2.3 Imaging Cells in Three Dimensions 30
- 2.4 Electron Microscopy 31

II CELL STRUCTURE AND EVOLUTIONARY HISTORY 33

- 2.5 Elements of Cell and Viral Structure 33
- 2.6 Arrangement of DNA in Microbial Cells 35
- 2.7 The Evolutionary Tree of Life 37

III MICROBIAL DIVERSITY 38

- 2.8 Physiological Diversity of Microorganisms 39
- 2.9 *Bacteria* 40
- 2.10 *Archaea* 44
- 2.11 Eukaryotic Microorganisms 45

Chapter 3 Chemistry of Cellular Components 50

I CHEMICAL BONDING, MACROMOLECULES, AND WATER 51

- 3.1 Strong and Weak Chemical Bonds 51
- 3.2 An Overview of Macromolecules and Water as the Solvent of Life 52

II NONINFORMATIONAL MACROMOLECULES 55

- 3.3 Polysaccharides 55
- 3.4 Lipids 56

III INFORMATIONAL MACROMOLECULES 57

- 3.5 Nucleic Acids 57
- 3.6 Amino Acids and the Peptide Bond 59
- 3.7 Proteins: Primary and Secondary Structure 61
- 3.8 Proteins: Higher Order Structure and Denaturation 62

Chapter 4 Cell Structure and Function in Bacteria and Archaea 66

I CELL SHAPE AND SIZE 67

- 4.1 Cell Morphology 67
- 4.2 Cell Size and the Significance of Smallness 68

II THE CYTOPLASMIC MEMBRANE AND TRANSPORT 70

- 4.3 The Cytoplasmic Membrane in *Bacteria* and *Archaea* 70
- 4.4 The Functions of Cytoplasmic Membranes 73
- 4.5 Transport and Transport Systems 75

III CELL WALLS OF PROKARYOTES 78

- 4.6 The Cell Wall of *Bacteria*: Peptidoglycan 78
- 4.7 The Outer Membrane of Gram-Negative *Bacteria* 82
- 4.8 Cell Walls of *Archaea* 84

IV OTHER CELL SURFACE STRUCTURES AND INCLUSIONS 86

- 4.9 Cell Surface Layers, Pili, and Fimbriae 86
- 4.10 Cell Inclusions 87
- 4.11 Gas Vesicles 89
- 4.12 Endospores 91

V MICROBIAL LOCOMOTION 95

- 4.13 Flagella and Motility 96
- 4.14 Gliding Motility 100
- 4.15 Cell Motion as a Behavioral Response: Microbial Taxes 102

Microbial Sidebar
How Long Can an Endospore Survive? 94

Chapter 5 Nutrition, Culture, and Metabolism of Microorganisms	107
I NUTRITION AND CULTURE OF MICROORGANISMS 108	
5.1 Microbial Nutrition	108
5.2 Culture Media	111
5.3 Laboratory Culture of Microorganisms	113
II ENERGETICS AND ENZYMES 114	
5.4 Bioenergetics	114
5.5 Catalysis and Enzymes	116
III OXIDATION-REDUCTION AND ENERGY-RICH COMPOUNDS 118	
5.6 Oxidation–Reduction: Electron Donors and Electron Acceptors	118
5.7 NAD as a Redox Electron Carrier	119
5.8 Energy-Rich Compounds and Energy Storage	121
IV ESSENTIALS OF CATABOLISM 122	
5.9 Energy Conservation	122
5.10 Glycolysis as an Example of Fermentation	122
5.11 Respiration and Membrane-Associated Electron Carriers	126
5.12 Respiration and the Proton Motive Force	127
5.13 Carbon Flow in Respiration: The Citric Acid Cycle	130
5.14 Catabolic Diversity	131
V ESSENTIALS OF ANABOLISM 133	
5.15 Biosynthesis of Sugars and Polysaccharides	133
5.16 Biosynthesis of Amino Acids and Nucleotides	134
5.17 Biosynthesis of Fatty Acids and Lipids	135
5.18 Regulation of Activity of Biosynthetic Enzymes	136
Microbial Sidebar <i>The Products of Yeast Fermentation and the Pasteur Effect</i> 125	
Chapter 6 Microbial Growth	141
I BACTERIAL CELL DIVISION 142	
6.1 Cell Growth and Binary Fission	142
6.2 Fts Proteins and Cell Division	142
6.3 MreB and Determinants of Cell Morphology	144
6.4 Peptidoglycan Synthesis and Cell Division	145
II GROWTH OF BACTERIAL POPULATIONS 147	
6.5 Growth Terminology and the Concept of Exponential Growth	147
6.6 The Mathematics of Exponential Growth	148
6.7 The Microbial Growth Cycle	149
6.8 Continuous Culture: The Chemostat	151
III MEASURING MICROBIAL GROWTH 152	
6.9 Measurements of Total Cell Numbers: Microscopic Counts	153
6.10 Viable Cell Counting	153
6.11 Measurements of Microbial Mass: Turbidimetric Methods	156

IV TEMPERATURE AND MICROBIAL GROWTH 157	
6.12 Effect of Temperature on Microbial Growth	157
6.13 Microbial Growth at Cold Temperatures	159
6.14 Microbial Growth at High Temperatures	162
V OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS AFFECTING GROWTH 165	
6.15 Microbial Growth at Low or High pH	165
6.16 Osmotic Effects on Microbial Growth	166
6.17 Oxygen and Microbial Growth	168
6.18 Toxic Forms of Oxygen	171
Microbial Sidebar <i>Microbial Growth in the Real World: Biofilms</i> 158	

UNIT 2 MOLECULAR BIOLOGY OF MICROORGANISMS

Chapter 7 Essentials of Molecular Biology	175
I GENES AND GENE EXPRESSION 176	
7.1 Macromolecules and Genetic Information	176
II DNA STRUCTURE 177	
7.2 The Double Helix	177
7.3 Supercoiling	180
7.4 Chromosomes and Other Genetic Elements	181
III DNA REPLICATION 182	
7.5 Templates and Enzymes	182
7.6 The Replication Fork	184
7.7 Bidirectional Replication and the Replisome	186
7.8 Proofreading and Termination	188
IV RNA SYNTHESIS: TRANSCRIPTION 189	
7.9 Overview of Transcription	189
7.10 Sigma Factors and Consensus Sequences	191
7.11 Termination of Transcription	192
7.12 The Unit of Transcription	193
V PROTEIN SYNTHESIS 194	
7.13 The Genetic Code	195
7.14 Transfer RNA	196
7.15 Translation: The Process of Protein Synthesis	199
7.16 The Incorporation of Nonstandard Amino Acids	202
7.17 Folding and Secreting Proteins	202

Chapter 8 Archaeal and Eukaryotic Molecular Biology	207
MOLECULAR BIOLOGY OF ARCHAEA 208	
8.1 Chromosomes and DNA Replication in the Archaea	208

8.2	Transcription and RNA Processing in <i>Archaea</i>	209	10.6	Viral Attachment and Penetration	259
8.3	Protein Synthesis in <i>Archaea</i>	211	10.7	Production of Viral Nucleic Acid and Protein	261
8.4	Shared Features of <i>Bacteria</i> and <i>Archaea</i>	211	III	VIRAL DIVERSITY	263
II	EUKARYOTIC GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	213	10.8	Overview of Bacterial Viruses	263
8.5	Genes and Chromosomes in <i>Eukarya</i>	213	10.9	Virulent Bacteriophages and T4	264
8.6	Overview of Eukaryotic Cell Division	214	10.10	Temperate Bacteriophages, Lambda and P1	267
8.7	Replication of Linear DNA	215	10.11	Overview of Animal Viruses	270
8.8	RNA Processing	216	10.12	Retroviruses	271
8.9	Transcription and Translation in the <i>Eukarya</i>	220	IV	SUBVIRAL ENTITIES	273
8.10	RNA Interference (RNAi)	222	10.13	Defective Viruses	273
Microbial Sidebar <i>Inteins and Protein Splicing</i> 218					
Chapter 9 Regulation of Gene Expression 224			Microbial Sidebar <i>Did Viruses Invent DNA?</i> 264		
I	OVERVIEW OF REGULATION	225	I	BACTERIAL CHROMOSOMES AND PLASMIDS	279
9.1	Major Modes of Regulation	225	11.1	Genetic Map of the <i>Escherichia coli</i> Chromosome	279
II	DNA-BINDING PROTEINS AND REGULATION OF TRANSCRIPTION	225	11.2	Plasmids: General Principles	282
9.2	DNA-Binding Proteins	226	11.3	Types of Plasmids and Their Biological Significance	283
9.3	Negative Control of Transcription: Repression and Induction	228	II	MUTATION	285
9.4	Positive Control of Transcription	230	11.4	Mutations and Mutants	285
III	SENSING AND SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION	231	11.5	Molecular Basis of Mutation	287
9.5	Two-Component Regulatory Systems	231	11.6	Mutation Rates	290
9.6	Quorum Sensing	233	11.7	Mutagenesis	290
9.7	Regulation of Chemotaxis	235	11.8	Mutagenesis and Carcinogenesis: The Ames Test	293
9.8	Control of Transcription in <i>Archaea</i>	236	III	GENETIC EXCHANGE IN PROKARYOTES	294
IV	GLOBAL REGULATORY MECHANISMS	237	11.9	Genetic Recombination	295
9.9	Global Control and the <i>lac</i> Operon	237	11.10	Transformation	297
9.10	The Stringent Response	239	11.11	Transduction	299
9.11	Other Global Control Networks	240	11.12	Conjugation: Essential Features	301
V	REGULATION OF DEVELOPMENT IN MODEL BACTERIA	242	11.13	The Formation of Hfr Strains and Chromosome Mobilization	303
9.12	Sporulation in <i>Bacillus</i>	242	11.14	Complementation	306
9.13	<i>Caulobacter</i> Differentiation	243	11.15	Gene Transfer in <i>Archaea</i>	308
VI	RNA-BASED REGULATION	244	11.16	Mobile DNA: Transposable Elements	309
9.14	RNA Regulation and Antisense RNA	244	Chapter 12 Genetic Engineering 313		
9.15	Riboswitches	245	I	TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF GENETIC ENGINEERING	314
9.16	Attenuation	246	12.1	Restriction and Modification Enzymes	314
Chapter 10 Overview of Viruses and Virology 251			12.2	Nucleic Acid Hybridization and the Southern Blot	316
I	VIRUS STRUCTURE AND GROWTH	252	12.3	Essentials of Molecular Cloning	316
10.1	General Properties of Viruses	252	12.4	Plasmids as Cloning Vectors	318
10.2	Nature of the Virion	253	II	SEQUENCING, SYNTHESIS, AND AMPLIFICATION OF DNA	320
10.3	The Virus Host	256	12.5	Sequencing DNA	320
10.4	Quantification of Viruses	257			
II	VIRAL REPLICATION	258			
10.5	General Features of Virus Replication	258			

<p>Chapter 12 (continued)</p> <p>12.6 Sequencing and Annotating Entire Genomes 322 12.7 Synthesizing DNA 323 12.8 Amplifying DNA: The Polymerase Chain Reaction 324</p> <p>III BACTERIAL GENE MANIPULATION 327</p> <p>12.9 Molecular Methods for Mutagenesis 327 12.10 Gene Fusions and Reporter Genes 329</p> <p>IV ADVANCED CLONING TECHNIQUES 330</p> <p>12.11 Hosts for Cloning Vectors 330 12.12 Finding the Right Clone 332 12.13 Shuttle Vectors and Expression Vectors 334 12.14 Bacteriophage Lambda as a Cloning Vector 337 12.15 Vectors for Genomic Cloning and Sequencing 338</p> <p>Microbial Sidebar <i>DNA Fingerprinting</i> 326</p>	<p>14.3 Microbial Diversification: Consequences for Earth's Biosphere 373 14.4 Endosymbiotic Origin of Eukaryotes 374</p> <p>II MICROBIAL EVOLUTION 377</p> <p>14.5 The Evolutionary Process 377 14.6 Evolutionary Analysis: Theoretical Aspects 377 14.7 Evolutionary Analysis: Analytical Methods 379 14.8 Microbial Phylogeny 381 14.9 Applications of SSU rRNA Phylogenetic Methods 384</p> <p>III MICROBIAL SYSTEMATICS 385</p> <p>14.10 Phenotypic Analysis 385 14.11 Genotypic Analysis 387 14.12 Phylogenetic Analysis 389 14.13 The Species Concept in Microbiology 390 14.14 Classification and Nomenclature 393</p>
<p>Chapter 13 Microbial Genomics 343</p> <p>I MICROBIAL GENOMES 344</p> <p>13.1 A Short History of Genomics 344 13.2 Prokaryotic Genomes: Sizes and ORF Contents 344 13.3 Prokaryotic Genomes: Bioinformatic Analyses and Gene Distributions 347 13.4 The Genomes of Eukaryotic Organelles 350 13.5 Eukaryotic Microbial Genomes 353</p> <p>II GENOME FUNCTION AND REGULATION 355</p> <p>13.6 Microarrays and the Transcriptome 355 13.7 Proteomics 357 13.8 Metabolomics 358</p> <p>III THE EVOLUTION OF GENOMES 359</p> <p>13.9 Gene Families, Duplications, and Deletions 359 13.10 Mobile DNA: Transposons and Insertion Sequences 360 13.11 Horizontal Gene Transfer and Genome Stability 361 13.12 Evolution of Virulence: Pathogenicity Islands 362</p> <p>IV ENVIRONMENTAL GENOMICS 364</p> <p>13.13 Detecting Uncultured Microorganisms 364 13.14 Viral Genomes in Nature 364</p> <p>Microbial Sidebar <i>RNA Editing</i> 352</p>	<p>Chapter 15 Bacteria: The Proteobacteria 398</p> <p>I THE PHYLOGENY OF BACTERIA 399</p> <p>15.1 Phylogenetic Overview of <i>Bacteria</i> 399</p> <p>II PHOTOTROPHIC, CHEMOLITHOTROPHIC, AND METHANOTROPHIC PROTEOBACTERIA 400</p> <p>15.2 Purple Phototrophic Bacteria 401 15.3 The Nitrifying Bacteria 403 15.4 Sulfur- and Iron-Oxidizing Bacteria 405 15.5 Hydrogen-Oxidizing Bacteria 408 15.6 Methanotrophs and Methylotrophs 410</p> <p>III AEROBIC AND FACULTATIVELY AEROBIC CHEMOORGANOTROPHIC PROTEOBACTERIA 413</p> <p>15.7 <i>Pseudomonas</i> and the Pseudomonads 413 15.8 Acetic Acid Bacteria 415 15.9 Free-Living Aerobic, Nitrogen-Fixing Bacteria 416 15.10 <i>Neisseria</i>, <i>Chromobacterium</i>, and Relatives 418 15.11 Enteric Bacteria 419 15.12 <i>Vibrio</i>, <i>Alivibrio</i>, and <i>Photobacterium</i> 423 15.13 Rickettsias 425</p> <p>IV MORPHOLOGICALLY UNUSUAL PROTEOBACTERIA 427</p> <p>15.14 Spirilla 427 15.15 Sheathed Proteobacteria: <i>Sphaerotilus</i> and <i>Leptothrix</i> 430 15.16 Budding and Prosthecate/Stalked Bacteria 431</p> <p>V DELTA- AND EPSILONPROTEOBACTERIA 436</p> <p>15.17 Gliding Myxobacteria 436 15.18 Sulfate- and Sulfur-Reducing Proteobacteria 438 15.19 The <i>Epsilonproteobacteria</i> 441</p>
<p>UNIT 3 MICROBIAL DIVERSITY</p>	
<p>Chapter 14 Microbial Evolution and Systematics 367</p> <p>I EARLY EARTH AND THE ORIGIN AND DIVERSIFICATION OF LIFE 368</p> <p>14.1 Formation and Early History of Earth 368 14.2 Origin of Cellular Life 369</p>	<p>Chapter 16 Bacteria: Gram-Positive and Other Bacteria 445</p> <p>OVERVIEW OF GRAM-POSITIVE AND OTHER BACTERIA 446</p>

II	GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA AND ACTINOBACTERIA	446	17.4	Methane-Producing Archaea: Methanogens	494
16.1	Nonsporulating, Gram-Positive Bacteria	446	17.5	<i>Thermoplasmatales</i>	498
16.2	Endospore-Forming Gram-Positive Bacteria	450	17.6	<i>Thermococcales</i> and <i>Methanopyrus</i>	499
16.3	Cell Wall-Less Gram-Positive Bacteria: The Mycoplasmas	451	17.7	<i>Archaeoglobales</i>	500
16.4	Actinobacteria: Coryneform and Propionic Acid Bacteria	456	17.8	<i>Nanoarchaeum</i> and <i>Aciduliprofundum</i>	501
16.5	Actinobacteria: <i>Mycobacterium</i>	457	III	CRENARACHAEOTA	503
16.6	Filamentous Actinobacteria: <i>Streptomyces</i> and Relatives	459	17.9	Habitats and Energy Metabolism of <i>Crenarchaeota</i>	503
III	CYANOBACTERIA AND PROCHLOROPHYTES	463	17.10	Hyperthermophiles from Terrestrial Volcanic Habitats	504
16.7	Cyanobacteria	463	17.11	Hyperthermophiles from Submarine Volcanic Habitats	506
16.8	Prochlorophytes	467	17.12	Nonthermophilic <i>Crenarchaeota</i>	509
IV	CHLAMYDIA	468	IV	EVOLUTION AND LIFE AT HIGH TEMPERATURES	510
16.9	The Chlamydia	468	17.13	An Upper Temperature Limit for Microbial Life	510
V	PLANCTOMYCES/PIRELLULA		17.14	Adaptations to Life at High Temperature	511
16.10	<i>Planctomyces</i> : A Phylogenetically Unique Stalked Bacterium	470	17.15	Hyperthermophilic <i>Archaea</i> , H ₂ , and Microbial Evolution	513
VI	THE VERRUCOMICROBIA	471	Chapter 18	Eukaryotic Cell Biology and Eukaryotic Microorganisms	516
16.11	<i>Verrucomicrobium</i> and <i>Prosthecobacter</i>	471	I	EUKARYOTIC CELL STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION	517
VII	THE FLAVOBACTERIA	472	18.1	Eukaryotic Cell Structure and the Nucleus	517
16.12	<i>Bacteroides</i> and <i>Flavobacterium</i>	472	18.2	Respiratory and Fermentative Organelles: The Mitochondrion and the Hydrogenosome	518
16.13	Acidobacteria	473	18.3	Photosynthetic Organelle: The Chloroplast	519
VIII	THE CYTOPHAGA GROUP	473	18.4	Endosymbiosis: Relationships of Mitochondria and Chloroplasts to <i>Bacteria</i>	520
16.14	<i>Cytophaga</i> and Relatives	473	18.5	Other Organelles and Eukaryotic Cell Structures	522
IX	GREEN SULFUR BACTERIA	474	II	EUKARYOTIC MICROBIAL DIVERSITY	524
16.15	<i>Chlorobium</i> and Other Green Sulfur Bacteria	474	18.6	Phylogeny of the <i>Eukarya</i>	524
X	THE SPIROCHETES	477	III	PROTISTS	526
16.16	Spirochetes	477	18.7	Diplomonads and Parabasalids	526
XI	DEINOCOCCI	480	18.8	Euglenozoans	527
16.17	<i>Deinococcus</i> and <i>Thermus</i>	480	18.9	Alveolates	528
XII	THE GREEN NONSULFUR BACTERIA	481	18.10	Stramenopiles	530
16.18	<i>Chloroflexus</i> and Relatives	481	18.11	Cercozoans and Radiolarians	531
XIII	HYPERTHERMOPHILIC BACTERIA	483	18.12	Amoebozoa	532
16.19	<i>Thermotoga</i> and <i>Thermodesulfobacterium</i>	483	IV	FUNGI	535
16.20	<i>Aquifex</i> , <i>Thermocrinis</i> , and Relatives	484	18.13	Fungal Physiology, Structure, and Associations with Other Organisms	535
XIV	NITROSPIRA AND DEFERRIBACTER	485	18.14	Fungal Reproduction and Phylogeny	537
16.21	<i>Nitrospira</i> , <i>Deferribacter</i> , and Relatives	485	18.15	Chytridiomycetes	539
Chapter 17	Archaea	487	18.16	Zygomycetes	539
I	PHYLOGENY AND GENERAL METABOLISM	488	18.17	Glomeromycetes	540
17.1	Phylogenetic Overview of <i>Archaea</i>	488	18.18	Ascomycetes	540
17.2	Energy Conservation and Autotrophy in <i>Archaea</i>	489	18.19	Basidiomycetes	542
II	EURYARCHAEOTA	490	V	UNICELLULAR RED AND GREEN ALGAE	543
17.3	Extremely Halophilic <i>Archaea</i>	490	18.20	Unicellular Red Algae	543
			18.21	Unicellular Green Algae	544

Chapter 19 Viral Diversity	548
I VIRUSES OF BACTERIA 549	
19.1 RNA Bacteriophages	549
19.2 Single-Stranded DNA Bacteriophages	550
19.3 Double-Stranded DNA Bacteriophages	553
19.4 Mu: A Double-Stranded Transposable DNA Bacteriophage	555
II VIRUSES OF ARCHAEA 557	
19.5 Viruses of Archaea	557
III RNA VIRUSES OF EUKARYOTES 558	
19.6 Plant RNA Viruses	558
19.7 Positive-Strand RNA Viruses of Animals: Poliovirus and Coronaviruses	559
19.8 Negative-Strand RNA Viruses of Animals: Rabies, Influenza, and Related Viruses	562
19.9 Double-Stranded RNA Viruses: Reoviruses	564
IV DNA VIRUSES OF EUKARYOTES 565	
19.10 Plant DNA Viruses	565
19.11 Replication of Double-Stranded DNA Viruses of Animals	568
19.12 Double-Stranded DNA Viruses: Herpesviruses	569
19.13 Double-Stranded DNA Viruses: Pox Viruses	571
19.14 Double-Stranded DNA Viruses: Adenoviruses	572
V VIRUSES THAT EMPLOY REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE 573	
19.15 Retroviruses and Hepadnavirus	573
Microbial Sidebar <i>Mimivirus and Viral Evolution</i> 566	
UNIT 4 METABOLIC DIVERSITY AND MICROBIAL ECOLOGY	
Chapter 20 Metabolic Diversity: Phototrophy, Autotrophy, Chemolithotrophy, and Nitrogen Fixation	578
I THE PHOTOTROPHIC WAY OF LIFE 579	
20.1 Photosynthesis	579
20.2 Chlorophylls and Bacteriochlorophylls	579
20.3 Carotenoids and Phycobilins	582
20.4 Anoxygenic Photosynthesis	585
20.5 Oxygenic Photosynthesis	589
II AUTOTROPHY 591	
20.6 The Calvin Cycle	591
20.7 Other Autotrophic Pathways in Phototrophs	593
III CHEMOLITHOTROPHY 595	
20.8 The Energetics of Chemolithotrophy	595
20.9 Hydrogen Oxidation	595
20.10 Oxidation of Reduced Sulfur Compounds	596
20.11 Iron Oxidation	599
IV NITROGEN FIXATION 604	
20.12 Nitrification	602
20.13 Anammox	603
Microbial Sidebar <i>Winogradsky and Chemolithoautotrophy</i> 597	
Chapter 21 Metabolic Diversity: Catabolism of Organic Compounds	612
I FERMENTATIONS 613	
21.1 Fermentations: Energetic and Redox Considerations	613
21.2 Fermentative Diversity: Lactic and Mixed-Acid Fermentations	615
21.3 Fermentative Diversity: Clostridial and Propionic Acid Fermentations	618
21.4 Fermentations without Substrate-Level Phosphorylation	620
21.5 Syntropy	622
II ANAEROBIC RESPIRATION 624	
21.6 Anaerobic Respiration: General Principles	624
21.7 Nitrate Reduction and Denitrification	625
21.8 Sulfate and Sulfur Reduction	627
21.9 Acetogenesis	630
21.10 Methanogenesis	631
21.11 Proton Reduction	635
21.12 Other Electron Acceptors	636
21.13 Anoxic Hydrocarbon Oxidation Linked to Anaerobic Respiration	639
III AEROBIC CHEMOORGANOTROPHIC PROCESSES 641	
21.14 Molecular Oxygen as a Reactant in Biochemical Processes	641
21.15 Aerobic Hydrocarbon Oxidation	642
21.16 Methylotrophy and Methanotrophy	643
21.17 Hexose, Pentose, and Polysaccharide Metabolism	645
21.18 Organic Acid Metabolism	647
21.19 Lipid Metabolism	648
Chapter 22 Methods in Microbial Ecology	652
I CULTURE-DEPENDENT ANALYSES OF MICROBIAL COMMUNITIES 653	
22.1 Enrichment and Isolation	653
22.2 Isolation in Pure Culture	657
II CULTURE-INDEPENDENT ANALYSES OF MICROBIAL COMMUNITIES 658	
22.3 General Staining Methods	659
22.4 FISH	661
22.5 Linking Specific Genes to Specific Organisms Using PCR	662
22.6 Environmental Genomics	665

 MEASURING MICROBIAL ACTIVITIES IN NATURE	666
22.7 Chemical Assays, Radioisotopic Methods, and Microelectrodes	666
22.8 Stable Isotopes	669
Chapter 23 Microbial Ecosystems	673
 PRINCIPLES OF MICROBIAL ECOLOGY	674
23.1 Ecological Concepts	674
23.2 Microbial Ecosystems and Biogeochemical Cycling	675
 THE MICROBIAL HABITAT	676
23.3 Environments and Microenvironments	676
23.4 Biofilms: Microbial Growth on Surfaces	677
23.5 Biofilms: Advantages and Control	679
 FRESHWATER, SOIL, AND PLANT MICROBIAL ECOSYSTEMS	680
23.6 Freshwater Environments	680
23.7 Terrestrial Environments	682
23.8 Plants as Microbial Habitats	686
 MARINE MICROBIAL ECOSYSTEMS	687
23.9 Open Oceans	687
23.10 The Deep Sea and Barophilism	690
Microbial Sidebar <i>Microbial Life Deep Underground</i>	685
Chapter 24 Nutrient Cycles, Bioremediation, and Symbioses	694
 THE CARBON AND OXYGEN CYCLES	695
24.1 The Carbon Cycle	695
24.2 Syntrophy and Methanogenesis	697
 NITROGEN, SULFUR, AND IRON CYCLES	699
24.3 The Nitrogen Cycle	700
24.4 The Sulfur Cycle	701
24.5 The Iron Cycle	703
 MICROBIAL BIOREMEDIATION	705
24.6 Microbial Leaching of Ores	705
24.7 Mercury and Heavy Metal Transformations	708
24.8 Petroleum Biodegradation	709
24.9 Biodegradation of Xenobiotics	711
 ANIMAL-MICROBIAL SYMBIOSES	714
24.10 The Rumen and Ruminant Animals	714
24.11 Hydrothermal Vent Microbial Ecosystems	717
24.12 Squid- <i>Aliivibrio</i> Symbiosis	720
 PLANT-MICROBIAL SYMBIOSES	721
24.13 Lichens and Mycorrhizae	722
24.14 <i>Agrobacterium</i> and Crown Gall Disease	724
24.15 The Legume-Root Nodule Symbiosis	725

UNIT 5 PUTTING MICROORGANISMS TO WORK

Chapter 25 Industrial Microbiology	733
 INDUSTRIAL MICROORGANISMS AND PRODUCT FORMATION	734
25.1 Industrial Microorganisms and Their Products	734
25.2 Primary and Secondary Metabolites	735
25.3 Characteristics of Large-Scale Fermentations	736
25.4 Scale-Up of Industrial Fermentations	738
 PRODUCTS FOR THE HEALTH INDUSTRY	739
25.5 Antibiotics: Isolation and Characterization	739
25.6 Industrial Production of Penicillins and Tetracyclines	742
25.7 Vitamins and Amino Acids	744
25.8 Steroids and Other Biotransformations	745
25.9 Enzymes as Industrial Products	747
 PRODUCTS FOR THE FOOD INDUSTRY	749
25.10 Wine	749
25.11 Brewing, Distilling, and Commodity Alcohol	751
25.12 Vinegar	755
25.13 Citric Acid and Other Organic Compounds	756
25.14 Yeast as a Food and Food Supplement	757
25.15 Mushrooms as a Food Source	758
Microbial Sidebar <i>Home Brew</i>	753
Chapter 26 Biotechnology	761
 PRODUCTS FROM GENETIC ENGINEERING	762
26.1 Overview of Biotechnology	762
26.2 Expression of Mammalian Genes in Bacteria	762
26.3 Production of Hormones	765
26.4 Other Mammalian Proteins and Products	766
26.5 Genetically Engineered Vaccines	767
26.6 Mining Genomes	769
 TRANSGENIC ORGANISMS	770
26.7 Engineering Metabolic Pathways in Bacteria	770
26.8 Genetic Engineering of Animals	772
26.9 Gene Therapy in Humans	774
26.10 Transgenic Plants in Agriculture	775
Microbial Sidebar <i>Synthetic Biology and Bacterial Photography</i>	771
 UNIT 6 ANTIMICROBIAL AGENTS AND PATHOGENICITY	
Chapter 27 Microbial Growth Control	779
 PHYSICAL ANTIMICROBIAL CONTROL	780
27.1 Heat Sterilization	780

Chapter 27 (continued)	
27.2	Radiation Sterilization 783
27.3	Filter Sterilization 784
II	CHEMICAL ANTIMICROBIAL CONTROL 786
27.4	Chemical Growth Control 786
27.5	Chemical Antimicrobial Agents for External Use 788
III	ANTIMICROBIAL AGENTS USED <i>IN VIVO</i> 791
27.6	Synthetic Antimicrobial Drugs 793
27.7	Naturally Occurring Antimicrobial Drugs: Antibiotics 794
27.8	β-Lactam Antibiotics: Penicillins and Cephalosporins 795
27.9	Antibiotics from Prokaryotes 797
IV	CONTROL OF VIRUSES AND EUKARYOTIC PATHOGENS 799
27.10	Antiviral Drugs 799
27.11	Antifungal Drugs 801
V	ANTIMICROBIAL DRUG RESISTANCE AND DRUG DISCOVERY 802
27.12	Antimicrobial Drug Resistance 802
27.13	The Search for New Antimicrobial Drugs 806
Microbial Sidebar	
<i>Preventing Antimicrobial Drug Resistance</i> 790	
Chapter 28	Microbial Interactions with Humans
	811
I	BENEFICIAL MICROBIAL INTERACTIONS WITH HUMANS 812
28.1	Overview of Human–Microbial Interactions 812
28.2	Normal Microbial Flora of the Skin 813
28.3	Normal Microbial Flora of the Oral Cavity 814
28.4	Normal Microbial Flora of the Gastrointestinal Tract 817
28.5	Normal Microbial Flora of Other Body Regions 819
II	HARMFUL MICROBIAL INTERACTIONS WITH HUMANS 822
28.6	Entry of the Pathogen into the Host 822
28.7	Colonization and Growth 824
28.8	Virulence 825
III	VIRULENCE FACTORS AND TOXINS 828
28.9	Virulence Factors 828
28.10	Exotoxins 828
28.11	Enterotoxins 831
28.12	Endotoxins 833
IV	HOST FACTORS IN INFECTION 834
28.13	Host Risk Factors for Infection 834
28.14	Innate Resistance to Infection 836

Microbial Sidebar
Probiotics 820

UNIT 7 IMMUNOLOGY

Chapter 29 Essentials of Immunology 839

I	OVERVIEW OF IMMUNITY 840
29.1	Cells and Organs of the Immune System 840
29.2	The Innate Immune Response 843
29.3	Inflammation, Fever, and Septic Shock 846
29.4	The Adaptive Immune Response 848
II	ANTIGENS AND ANTIGEN PRESENTATION 849
29.5	Immunogens and Antigens 849
29.6	Antigen Presentation to T Lymphocytes 850
III	T LYMPHOCYTES 853
29.7	T-Cytotoxic Cells and Natural Killer Cells 853
29.8	T-Helper Cells: Activating the Immune Response 854
IV	ANTIBODIES 855
29.9	Antibodies 855
29.10	Antibody Production 858
29.11	Complement, Antibodies, and Pathogen Destruction 860

Chapter 30 Immunology in Host Defense and Disease 865

I	IMMUNITY AND HOST DEFENSE 866
30.1	Innate Immunity 866
30.2	Adaptive Immunity and T Cells 867
30.3	Adaptive Immunity and Antibodies 868
II	IMMUNITY AND PREVENTION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES 869
30.4	Natural Immunity 869
30.5	Artificial Immunity and Immunization 870
30.6	New Immunization Strategies 872
III	IMMUNE RESPONSE DISEASES 873
30.7	Allergy, Hypersensitivity, and Autoimmunity 873
30.8	Superantigens 878
Microbial Sidebar	
<i>The Promise of New Vaccines</i> 875	

Chapter 31 Molecular Immunology 881

RECEPTORS AND IMMUNITY 882	
31.1	Innate Immunity and Pattern Recognition 882
31.2	Adaptive Immunity and the Immunoglobulin Superfamily 885

II	THE MAJOR HISTOCOMPATIBILITY COMPLEX (MHC)	886
31.3	MHC Protein Structure	886
31.4	MHC Polymorphism and Antigen Binding	887
III	ANTIBODIES	888
31.5	Antibody Proteins and Antigen Binding	888
31.6	Antibody Genes and Diversity	889
IV	T CELL RECEPTORS	891
31.7	T Cell Receptors: Proteins, Genes, and Diversity	891
V	MOLECULAR SIGNALS IN IMMUNITY	893
31.8	Clonal Selection and Tolerance	893
31.9	T Cell and B Cell Activation	895
31.10	Cytokines and Chemokines	896
Microbial Sidebar <i>Drosophila Toll Receptors—An Ancient Response to Infections</i> 883		

UNIT 8**DIAGNOSING AND TRACKING INFECTIOUS DISEASES**

Chapter 32	Diagnostic Microbiology and Immunology	900
-------------------	--	-----

I	GROWTH-DEPENDENT DIAGNOSTIC METHODS	901
32.1	Isolation of Pathogens from Clinical Specimens	901
32.2	Growth-Dependent Identification Methods	906
32.3	Antimicrobial Drug Susceptibility Testing	908
32.4	Safety in the Microbiology Laboratory	911
II	IMMUNOLOGY AND DIAGNOSTIC METHODS	913
32.5	Immunoassays for Infectious Disease	913
32.6	Polyclonal and Monoclonal Antibodies	914
32.7	<i>In Vitro</i> Antigen–Antibody Reactions: Serology	917
32.8	Agglutination	919
32.9	Fluorescent Antibodies	920
32.10	Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay and Radioimmunoassay	922
32.11	Immunoblot Procedures	927
III	NUCLEIC ACID-BASED DIAGNOSTIC METHODS	929
32.12	Nucleic Acid Probes and PCR	929

Chapter 33	Epidemiology	934
-------------------	--------------	-----

I	PRINCIPLES OF EPIDEMIOLOGY	935
33.1	The Science of Epidemiology	935
33.2	The Vocabulary of Epidemiology	935
33.3	Disease Reservoirs and Epidemics	937
33.4	Infectious Disease Transmission	940
33.5	The Host Community	942

II	CURRENT EPIDEMICS	944
33.6	The AIDS Pandemic	944
33.7	Healthcare-Associated Infections	945
III	EPIDEMIOLOGY AND PUBLIC HEALTH	947
33.8	Public Health Measures for the Control of Disease	947
33.9	Global Health Considerations	950
33.10	Emerging and Reemerging Infectious Diseases	951
33.11	Biological Warfare and Biological Weapons	957
33.12	Anthrax as a Biological Weapon	960
Microbial Sidebar <i>SARS as a Model of Epidemiological Success</i> 958		

UNIT 9**MICROBIAL DISEASES**

Chapter 34	Person-to-Person Microbial Diseases	964
-------------------	-------------------------------------	-----

I	AIRBORNE TRANSMISSION OF DISEASES	965
34.1	Airborne Pathogens	965
34.2	Streptococcal Diseases	966
34.3	<i>Corynebacterium</i> and Diphtheria	969
34.4	<i>Bordetella</i> and Pertussis	970
34.5	<i>Mycobacterium</i> , Tuberculosis, and Hansen's Disease	971
34.6	<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> , Meningitis, and Meningococcemia	974
34.7	Viruses and Respiratory Infections	975
34.8	Colds	977
34.9	Influenza	979
II	DIRECT CONTACT TRANSMISSION OF DISEASES	982
34.10	<i>Staphylococcus</i>	982
34.11	<i>Helicobacter pylori</i> and Gastric Ulcers	983
34.12	Hepatitis Viruses	984
III	SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS	986
34.13	Gonorrhea and Syphilis	987
34.14	Chlamydia, Herpes, Trichomoniasis, and Human Papillomavirus	990
34.15	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome: AIDS and HIV	992

Chapter 35	Vectorborne and Soilborne Microbial Diseases	1002
-------------------	--	------

I	ANIMAL-TRANSMITTED DISEASES	1003
35.1	Rabies	1003
35.2	Hantavirus Syndromes	1005
II	ARTHROPOD-TRANSMITTED DISEASES	1007
35.3	Rickettsial Diseases	1007
35.4	Lyme Disease	1010

Chapter 35 (continued)	Chapter 37 Food Preservation and Foodborne Microbial Diseases	1043
35.5 Malaria 1012	I FOOD PRESERVATION AND MICROBIAL GROWTH 1044	
35.6 West Nile Virus 1015	37.1 Microbial Growth and Food Spoilage 1044	
35.7 Plague 1017	37.2 Food Preservation 1045	
III SOILBORNE DISEASES 1019	37.3 Fermented Foods 1048	
35.8 Pathogenic Fungi 1019	II MICROBIAL SAMPLING AND FOOD POISONING 1049	
35.9 Tetanus 1022	37.4 Foodborne Diseases and Microbial Sampling 1050	
Microbial Sidebar <i>Special Pathogens and Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers</i> 1006	37.5 Staphylococcal Food Poisoning 1051	
Chapter 36 Wastewater Treatment, Water Purification, and Waterborne Microbial Diseases 1025	37.6 Clostridial Food Poisoning 1052	
I WASTEWATER MICROBIOLOGY AND WATER PURIFICATION 1026	III FOOD INFECTION 1054	
36.1 Public Health and Water Quality 1026	37.7 Salmonellosis 1054	
36.2 Wastewater and Sewage Treatment 1028	37.8 Pathogenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> 1055	
36.3 Drinking Water Purification 1031	37.9 <i>Campylobacter</i> 1057	
II WATERBORNE MICROBIAL DISEASES 1033	37.10 Listeriosis 1058	
36.4 Sources of Waterborne Infection 1033	37.11 Other Foodborne Infectious Diseases 1058	
36.5 Cholera 1035	Microbial Sidebar <i>Spinach and Escherichia coli O157:H7</i> 1056	
36.6 Giardiasis and Cryptosporidiosis 1036		
36.7 Legionellosis (Legionnaires' Disease) 1038		
36.8 Typhoid Fever and Other Waterborne Diseases 1039		
	Appendix 1 Energy Calculations in Microbial Bioenergetics A-1	
	Appendix 2 <i>Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology</i> , Second Edition A-5	
	Glossary G-1	
	Photo Credits P-1	
	Index I-1	